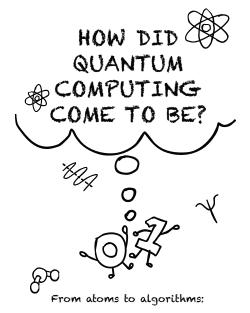
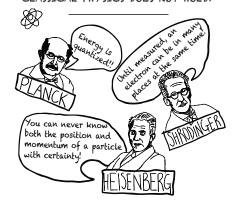
## - HISTORY OF QUANTUM COMPUTING -



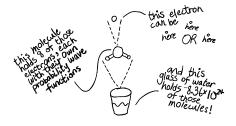
OWN (

SCIENTISTS FOUND OUT THAT AS THINGS GET SMALLER AND SMALLER CLASSICAL PHYSICS DOES NOT HOLD!

IN THE EARLY 1900s, THE WORLD OF PHYSICS WAS TURNED...



THE IDEA THAT SO MANY THINGS WERE PROBABLE AND UNCERTAIN WAS BIZARRE...



BUT EVEN WITH GREATLY
RENOWNED SKEPTICS,

God does not play
dice with the universe!

Einstein, stop
telling God what

to do with his dice

QUANTUM MECHANICS WAS BORN. WHILE COMPUTERS ADVANCED, SIMULATING EVEN SIMPLE MOLECULAR SYSTEMS WITH SO MANY PROBABILITIES WAS NEARLY IMPOSSIBLE!

THEN, RICHARD FEYNMAN PROPOSED AN INTERESTING IDEA



If you want to make a simulation of nature, you better make it quantum mechanical!

INSTEAD OF BITS SET TO O'S OR 1'S LIKE NORMAL COMPUTERS,



A QUANTUM BIT (QUBIT) WOULD MAKE UP A QUANTUM COMPUTER



A photon or other small particle with quantum mechanical properties that can represent a 0 and a 1 at the same time!

AND SO COMPUTERS WOULD MIMIC NATURE'S PROBABILITIES . . .

A brief history of quantum computing

DAVID DEUTSCH LAID OUT A BASIC THEORETICAL STRUCTURE OF A QUANTUM COMPUTER (1985)



I can do things in a week \
that classical computers need \
hundreds of years to do!

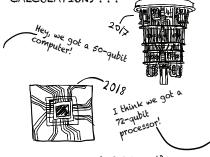
SHOR IN 1994 ... Wait... is that a key?!?

| 1 developed a quantum algorithm to factor multiples of large prime numbers!!

AND THE WORLD WENT BERSERK BECAUSE RSA ENCRYPTION SCHEMES WERE BUILT ON THE ASSUMPTION THAT CLASSICAL COMPUTERS WOULD TAKE AGES TO FACTOR SUCH NUMBERS!

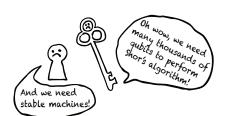


THE ACTUAL HARDWARE IS NOT YET CAPABLE OF SUCH BIG CALCULATIONS . . .



But is it stable? Universal?

How many gates?



BUT WITH RAPID ADVANCES, QUANTUM COMPUTING IS CONSTANTLY SHOWING NEW POSSIBILITIES . . .

AND THE
QUANTUM
COMPUTING
RACE HAS ONLY
JUST BEGUN

https://www.epigc.cs.uchicago.edu/resources/

November 2020 (v3)

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